

Printing Pages :1

Paper Code:ML-101/ML(E)-101 A SVSU:2023-24/R)

Enrollment No.

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LL.M.

(1st Year, I SEMESTER) EXAMINATION
Law and Social Transformation (Core Paper)

Paper Code: ML-101/ ML(E)-101

Time: 3 Hours]

[MM 60 Marks

Note: This paper is divided into three sections A, B and C. Attempt all the sections as per instructions.

Section A(Very Short Answer Type)

Attempt all part of the Questions from this Section .

Each part carries 1 marks

[1x8=08]

1. Write short note on the following or answer to the questions as required:

- a. Do you agree that the idea of lok Adalat is fulfilling the objective of Indian Justice Delivery in effective manner? Give a reasoned reply.
- b. Write down short Comment on Implementation of Amrapali judgment.
- c. Write a note on the impact of Shah Bano Case.
- d. Describe social transformation through law.
- e. Write down any two objectives behind the Criminal Amendment Act 2013.
- f. Define Local self Government.
- g. Describe the concept of 'Son of the Soil'
- h. Define plea bargaining.

SECTION – B (Short Answer Type)

Attempt any two questions of the following

[10x2=20]

Q.2) Is religion a divisive factor? What are the constitutional and legal protections to religious minorities?

Q.3) The media is not only the eyes and ears of the general public but is also considered as the fourth estate in the democracy. Critically evaluate role of media in Indian Democratic Structure.

Q.4) Examine the social transformation brought through agrarian reforms. How has law humanized industrialization of agriculture?

SECTION – C (Long Answer Type)

Attempt any two questions of the following

[16x2=32]

Q.5) How the Law and Jurisprudence deal with Sex Inequality in India?

And further discuss briefly, Law of 'Women Empowerment' in India

Q.6) Write short notes of the following:

- i) Industrial Reform,
- ii) Indian Social thought on Law and Justice

Q.7) What is the legal and social status of children in India? Discuss how far the law has reformed the conditions of children in India?

Printing Pages :2

Paper Code:ML-102

A SVSU:2023-24/R)

Enrollment No.																			
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L.L.M.

Ist Year Ist Semester Examination

Paper Name- CONSTITUTIONAL LAW – NEW CHALLENGES

Time- 3 Hours

Max. Marks- 60

SECTION A

1. Attempt All the Questions 1 x8=08
- Secularism means.
 - What is Basic Structure ?
 - The Fundamental Duties in the Constitution of India were adopted from the Constitution of Which Country?
 - Which Article of the Constitution of India deals with the Fundamental Duties?
 - In India, Right to Property is provided under which Article?
 - How many fundamental freedoms have been provided under the Fundamental Rights in the Constjtuion of India?
 - Directive Principles of State Policy means.
 - The word 'socialist' was added to the Preamble of the Constitution of India by which amendment?

SECTION B

Short Answer Type Question. Attempt any two questions 10 x2=20

- "We the people of India..." Evaluate the spirit of this phrase used in the preamble of the Constitution in the light of representative governance in a democratic system.
- Discuss the relationship between the Fundamental Rights and the Directive Principles of State Policy.
- Write a short note on the following-
 - Special status of certain states
 - Definition, Meaning and duties and functions of the state

SECTION C

Long Answer Type Question. Attempt any two questions 16x2=32

- It has been observed that 'since' the expression "quasi-federal" is liable to be used as a hideout for lurking federalism, it is appropriate that the fact that the Constitution of India is not federal should be stated and acknowledged in those unambiguous, simple, and accurate words. Develop argument in this reference.
- What do understand by the concept "freedom of speech and expression"? Does it cover hate speech also? Why do the films in India stand on a slightly different plane from other forms of expression? Discuss.
- The Indian federation is not the result, and Indian units cannot leave the union, as a consequence of an arrangement between independent units. There are also extensive provisions in the constitution to govern the various dimensions of relations between the centre and the states. Discuss the legislative relations of centre and state?

Printing Pages :1

Paper Code: ML-103/ML(E)-102 A (SVSU:2023-24/R)

Enrollment No.																			
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Course Name: LL. M.
 Paper Code-ML-103/ ML(E)-102
 (1st Year) 1st Semester Examination
 Criminology Penology and Sentencing Pattern

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 60

Note: This question paper is divided into three sections. Attempt all questions as per instruction.

Section-A

1. Attempt all questions: (1x08=08)

- i. What is Donald Taft view on criminality?
- ii. What is Aristotle's Four Laws of Association?
- iii. What is difference between sine and crime?
- iv. What is tentative theory of crime?
- v. What is concept of Crime?
- vi. What is Inchoate Crime?
- vii. What is Guillotine?
- viii. In which case Section 303 of IPC has been declared unconstitutional?

Section-B

(Short Answers Type)

Attempt any two of the following questions. (10x2=20).

2. Discuss the Positive School of Criminology.
3. Discuss the various factors of criminality which are responsible for criminal behaviour.
4. Whether the Capital Punishment should be abolished in India. Discuss.

Section-C

(Long Answers Type)

Attempt any two of the following questions. (16x2=32).

5. A victimless crime is a term used to refer to actions that have been made illegal but which do not directly violate or threaten the rights of any individual. Discuss
6. Discuss the various theories of punishment. What is the significance of reformatory theory of punishment?
7. What were classical Hindu and Islamic approaches of Punishment? Discuss.

